



# I risultati della Survey "Dipendenze comportamentali nella Generazione Z"

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### INDICE DEGLI ARGOMENTI

Prevalenze comportamenti a rischio dipendenze comportamentali

Prevalenze comportamenti problematici

#### **Caratterizzazione profili**

- Social media addiction
- Gaming addiction
- Food addiction
- Isolamento sociale

**Focus cannabis** 

Focus genitori

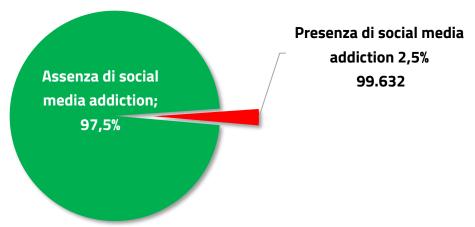


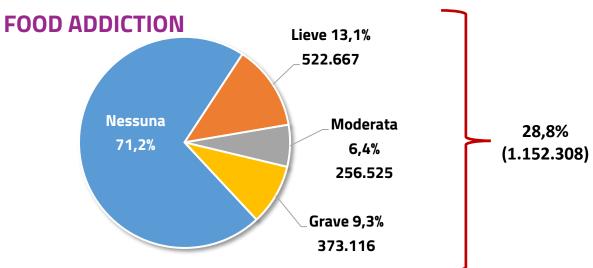


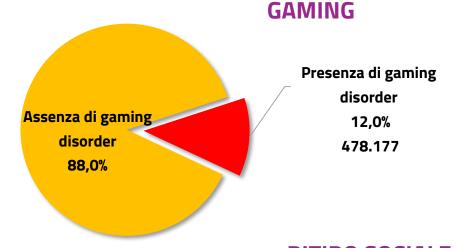


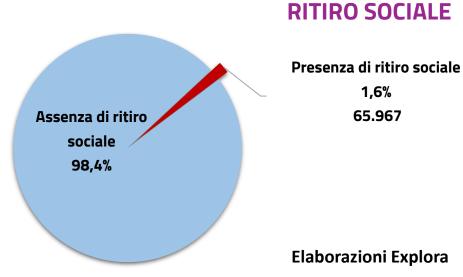
# STUDENTI 11-17 ANNI: PREVALENZE DIPENDENZE COMPORTAMENTALI

**SOCIAL MEDIA ADDICTION** 





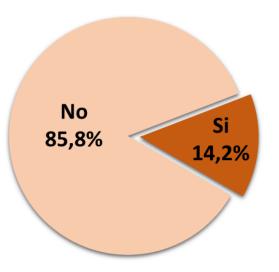




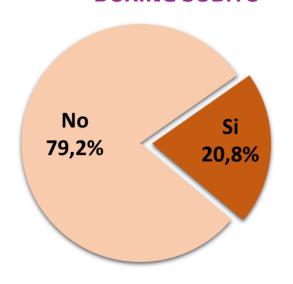


# STUDENTI 11-17 ANNI: PREVALENZE COMPORTAMENTI LEGATI AD USO PROBLEMATICO DEI SOCIAL

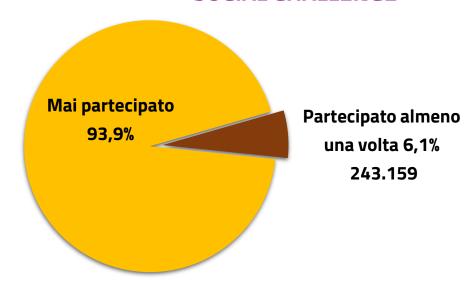




#### **DOXING SUBITO**



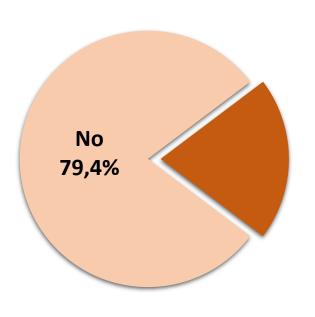
#### **SOCIAL CHALLENGE**





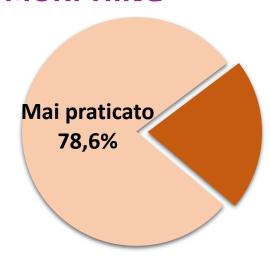
# STUDENTI 14-17 ANNI: PREVALENZE COMPORTAMENTI LEGATI AD USO PROBLEMATICO DEI SOCIAL

#### **SEXTING INVIATO**

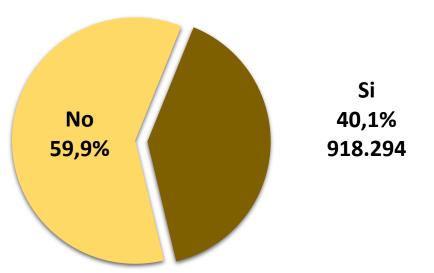


Si 20,6% 470.844

#### **MORPHING**



**SEXTING RICEVUTO** 



Praticato almeno una volta 21,4% 490.514





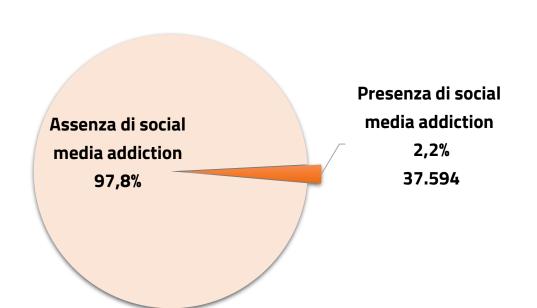


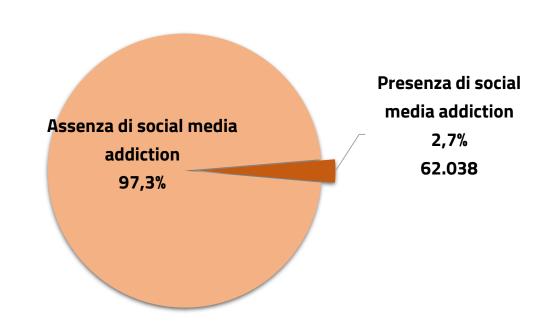


# SOCIAL MEDIA ADDICTION - PREVALENZA % DI STUDENTI

#### **STUDENTI 11-13 ANNI**

#### **STUDENTI 14-17 ANNI**





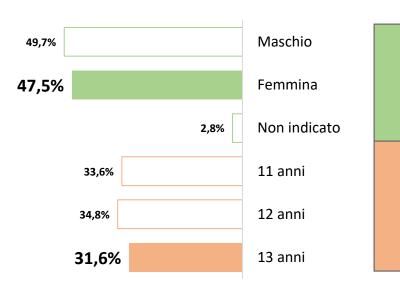
<sup>\*</sup> Scala BSMAS - Bergen Social Media Addiction Scale (Monacis et al., 2017). Cut-off definito da Luo et al., 2021.



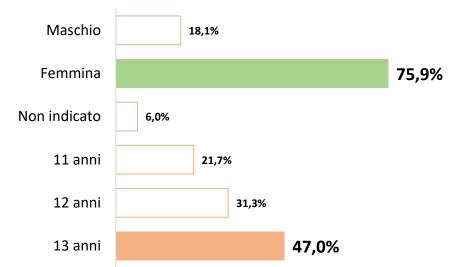


#### **11-13 anni**

#### Assenza social media addiction







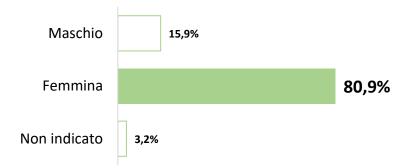
#### 14-17 anni



GENERE

**GENERE** 

ETÀ



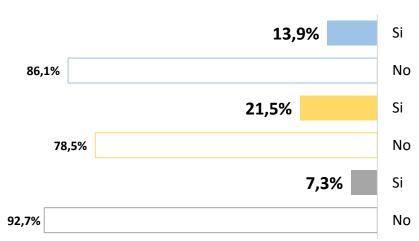
**Elaborazioni Explora** 



Governo italiano
Dipartimento politiche antidroga
Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

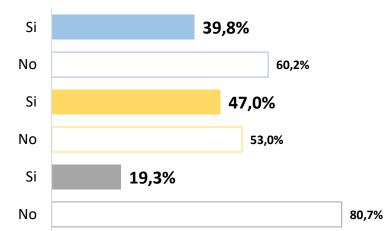


#### Assenza social media addiction

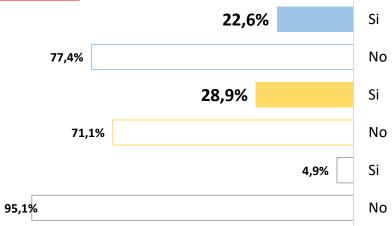


#### Presenza social media addiction

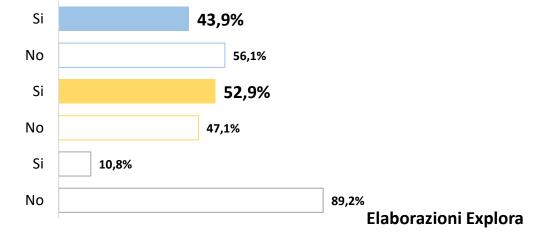




#### 14-17 anni



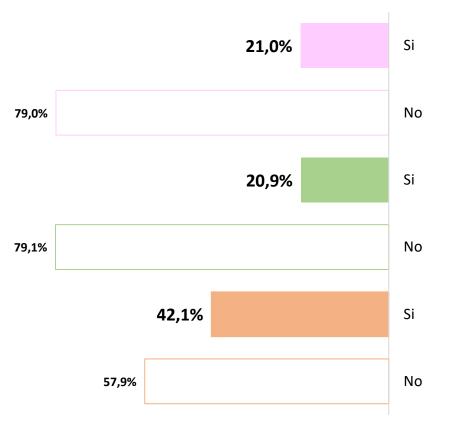




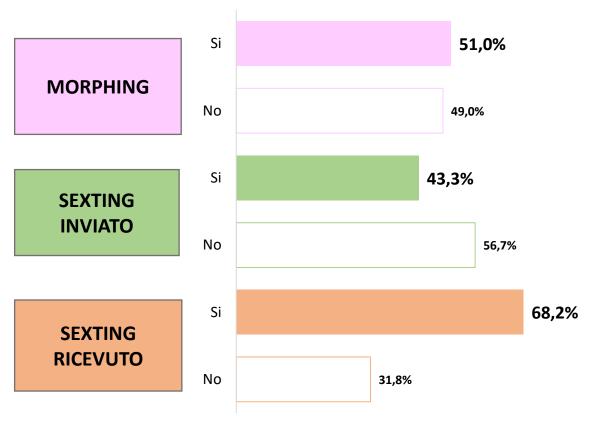


# SOCIAL MEDIA ADDICTION 14-17 anni

#### Assenza social media addiction



#### Presenza social media addiction

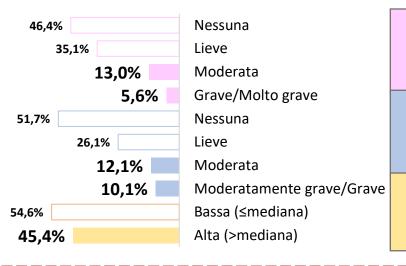






#### **11-13 anni**

#### Assenza social media addiction

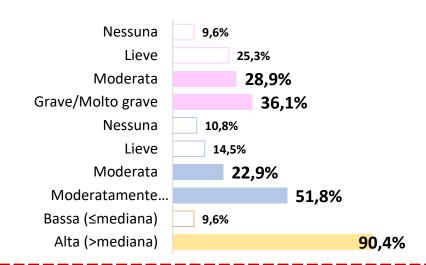


ANSIA SOCIALE

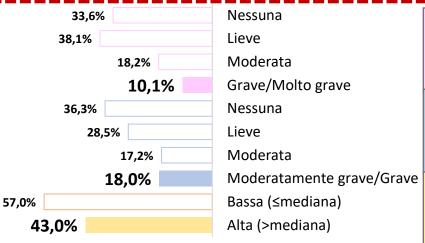
**DEPRESSIONE** 

**IMPULSIVITÀ** 

#### Presenza social media addiction



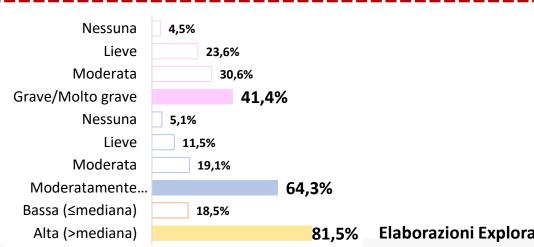
#### 14-17 anni



ANSIA SOCIALE

**DEPRESSIONE** 

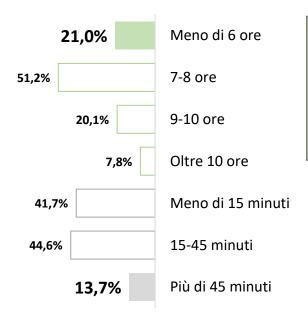
**IMPULSIVITÀ** 





#### Assenza social media addiction

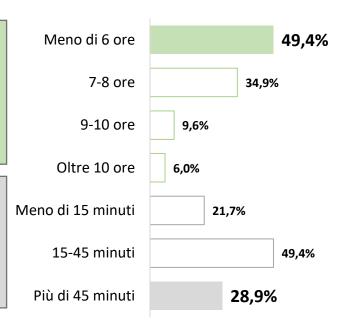
#### **11-13 anni**



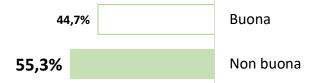
# ORE DORMITE IN MEDIA, ULTIMO MESE

# TEMPO IMPIEGATO PER ADDORMENTARSI ULTIMO MESE

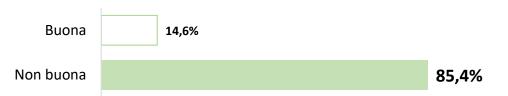
#### Presenza social media addiction



#### 14-17 anni



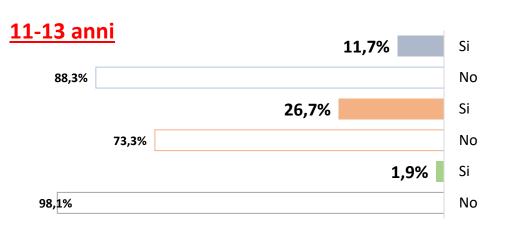
**QUALITÀ DEL SONNO** 



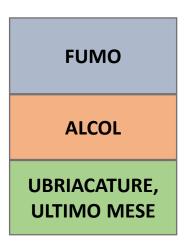


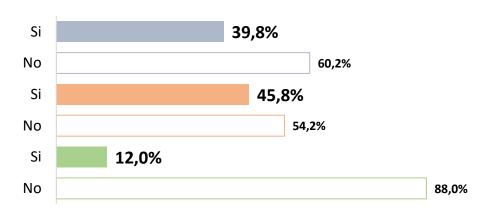


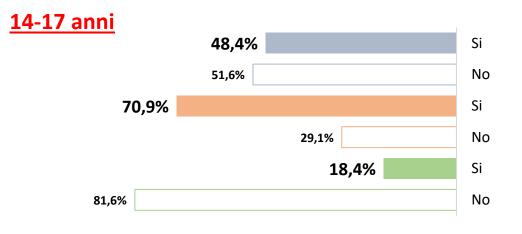
#### Assenza social media addiction

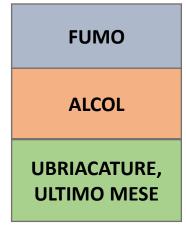


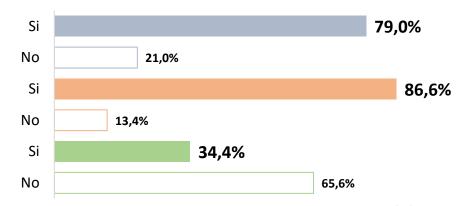
#### Presenza social media addiction









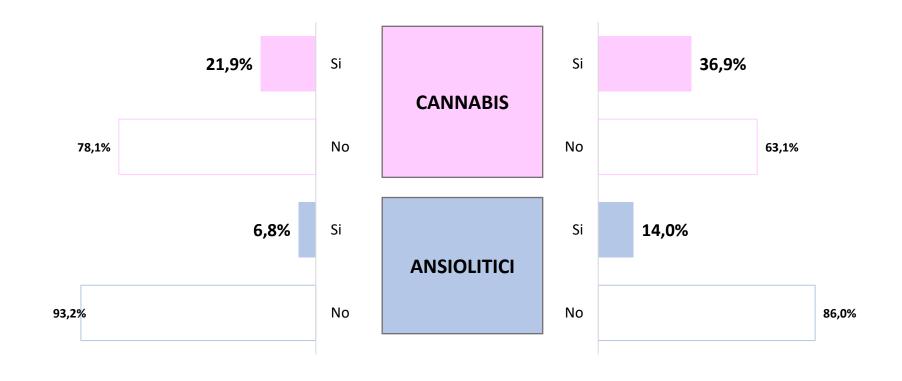




# SOCIAL MEDIA ADDICTION 14-17 aa

Assenza social media addiction

Presenza social media addiction

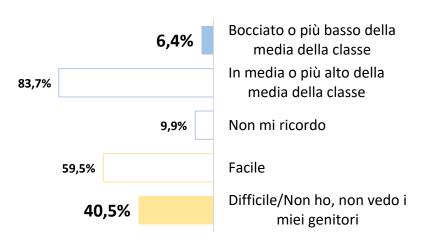






#### Assenza social media addiction

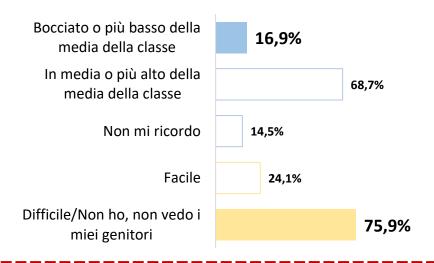
#### 11-13 anni



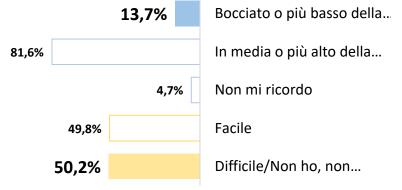
#### RENDIMENTO SCOLASTICO



#### Presenza social media addiction

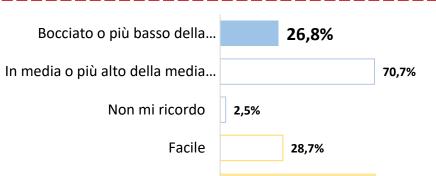






# RENDIMENTO SCOLASTICO

PARLARE CON MADRE/PADRE



Difficile/Non ho, non vedo i...

**Elaborazioni Explora** 





71,3%

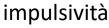
# Social media addiction: fattori associati

















Difficoltà a parlare con i genitori



Dormire meno di 6 ore/notte



Basso rendimento scolastico



# Social media addiction 14-17 anni-fattori associati









ansiolitici



Sexting inviato/ricevuto



#### SOCIAL MEDIA ADDICTION\* - ODDS RATIO 11-13 e 14-17 ANNI

\* Scala BSMAS - Bergen Social Media Addiction Scale (Monacis et al., 2017). Cut-off definito da Luo et al., 2021.

Considerando tutti i fattori significativamente associati alla **social media addiction**, quelli che hanno un peso maggiore sono i seguenti:

11-13 ANNI

14-17 ANNI

ANSIA SOCIALE GRAVE/MOLTO GRAVE - OR 10,12

ANSIA SOCIALE GRAVE/MOLTO GRAVE - OR 5,23

ALTA IMPULSIVITA' - OR 5,45

DEPRESSIONE MODERA. GRAVE/GRAVE - OR 3,38

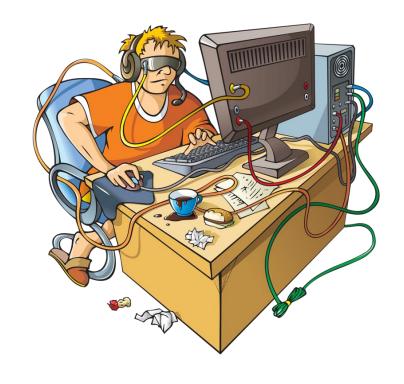
ANSIA SOCIALE MODERATA - OR 4,43

BOCCIATO/RENDIMENTO < MEDIA CLASSE - OR 3,1





# DISORDER (dipendenza da videogiochi online)



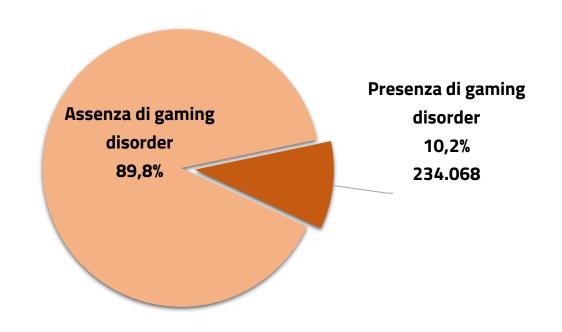


# GAMING DISORDER\* - PREVALENZA % DI STUDENTI

#### **STUDENTI 11-13 ANNI**

# Assenza di gaming disorder 14,3% 244.109

#### **STUDENTI 14-17 ANNI**



\* Scala IGDS9-SF - Internet Gaming Disorder Scale Short-Form (Monacis et al., 2016)

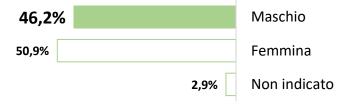




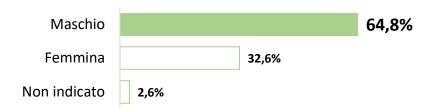
#### **Assenza gaming disorder**

#### Presenza gaming disorder

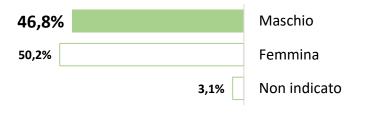
#### **11-13 anni**



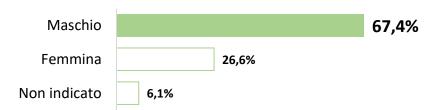




#### **14-17 anni**





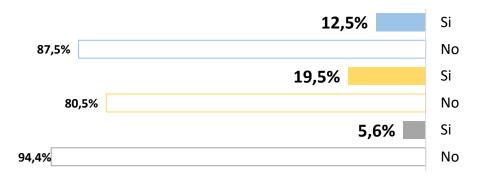




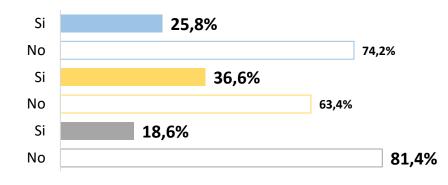
#### **Assenza gaming disorder**

#### Presenza gaming disorder

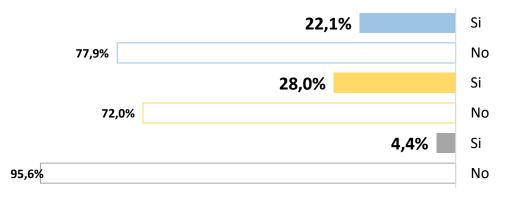
#### 11-13 anni



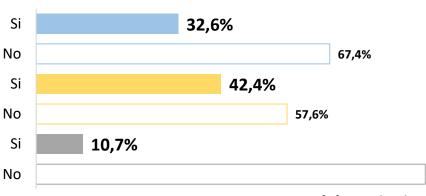




#### 14-17 anni







**Elaborazioni Explora** 

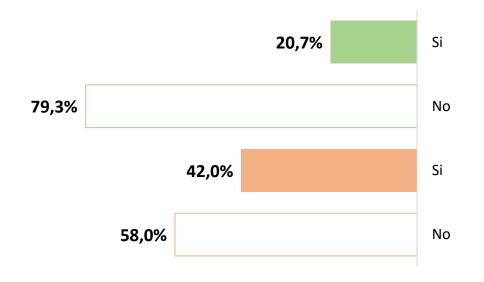
89,3%

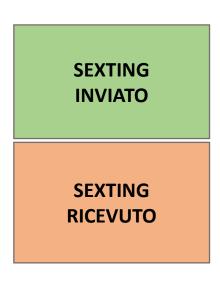


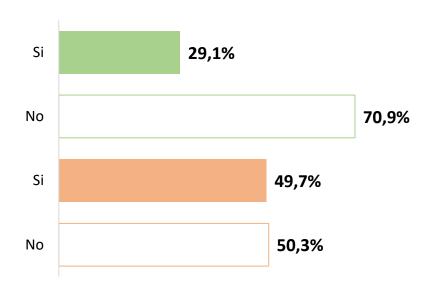
# **GAMING DISORDER 14-17 aa**

#### **Assenza gaming disorder**

#### Presenza gaming disorder





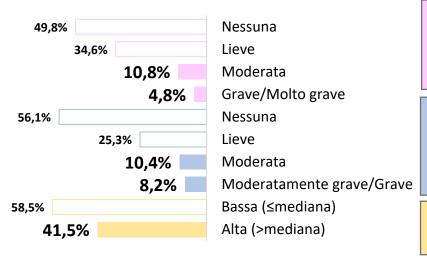






#### **11-13 anni**

#### Assenza gaming disorder

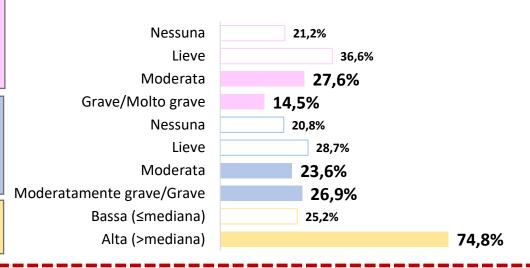


ANSIA SOCIALE

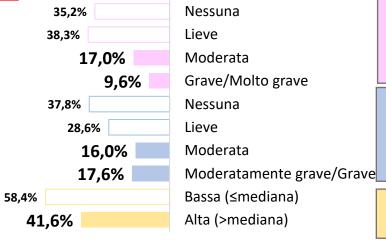
**DEPRESSIONE** 

**IMPULSIVITÀ** 

#### Presenza gaming disorder



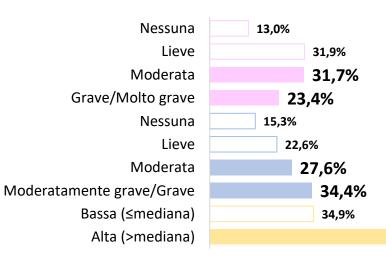
#### 14-17 anni



**ANSIA SOCIALE** 

**DEPRESSIONE** 

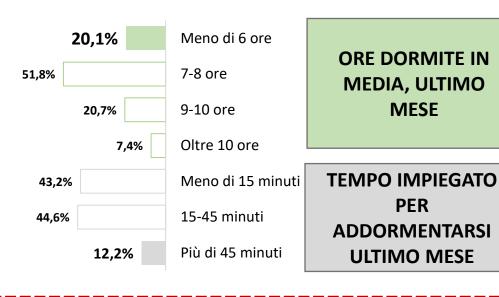
**IMPULSIVITÀ** 



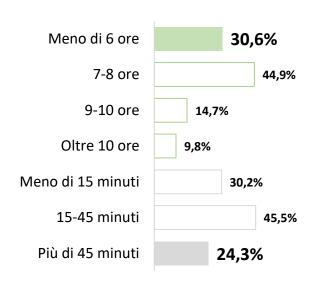


#### 11-13 anni

#### Assenza gaming disorder



#### Presenza gaming disorder



#### **14-17 anni**

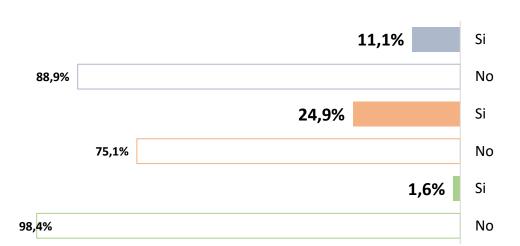




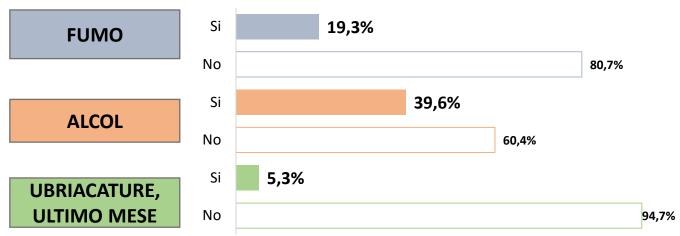


#### **11-13 anni**

#### **Assenza gaming disorder**



#### Presenza gaming disorder

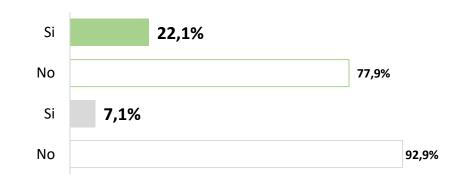


#### 14-17 anni





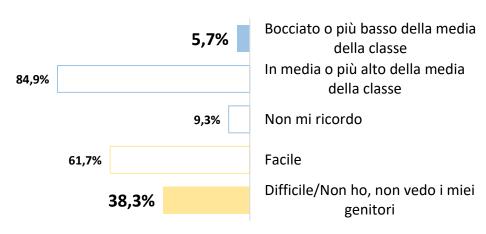
ALTRE SOSTANZE





#### **11-13 anni**

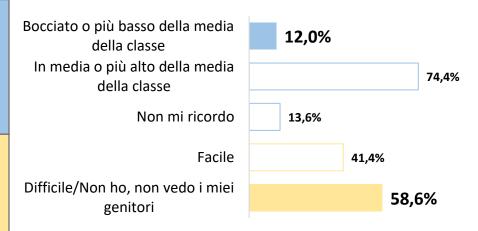
#### Assenza gaming disorder



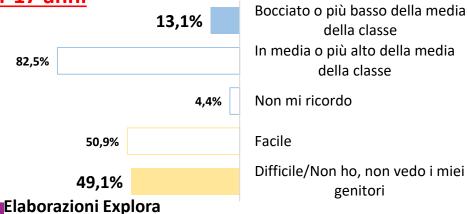
# RENDIMENTO SCOLASTICO

PARLARE CON MADRE/PADRE

#### Presenza gaming disorder

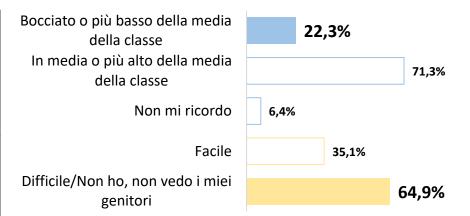


#### 14-17 anni



# RENDIMENTO SCOLASTICO

PARLARE CON MADRE/PADRE





Governo italiano
Dipartimento politiche antidroga
Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

# Gaming disorder: fattori associati









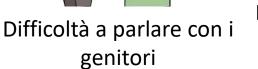




Addormentamento difficile

Dormire meno di 6 ore/notte







Basso rendimento scolastico





Fumo, alcol, ubriacatura ultimo mese



Doxing praticato/subito

Social challenge



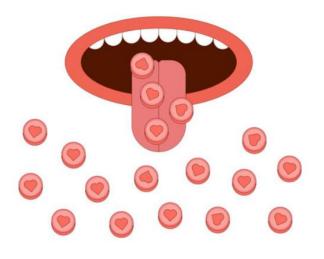


# Gaming disorder 14-17 anni– fattori associati



Sexting inviato/ricevuto





Uso di altre sostanze psicoattive



#### GAMING DISORDER\* - ODDS RATIO 11-13 e 14-17 ANNI

\* Scala IGDS9-SF - Internet Gaming Disorder Scale Short-Form (Monacis et al., 2016)

Considerando tutti i fattori significativamente associati al **gaming disorder**, quelli che hanno un peso maggiore sono i seguenti:

11-13 ANNI

14-17 ANNI

DEPRESSIONE MODER. GRAVE/GRAVE – OR 5,54

GENERE MASCHILE – OR 7,66

GENERE MASCHILE – **4,17** 

ANSIA SOCIALE GRAVE/MOLTO GRAVE - OR 5,80

DEPRESSIONE MODERATA - OR 3,93

ANSIA SOCIALE MODERATA – OR 4,29

ANSIA SOCIALE GRAVE/MOLTO GRAVE - OR 3,65

DEPRESSIONE MODERA. GRAVE/GRAVE - OR 3,49

DEPRESSIONE MODERATA – OR 3,32





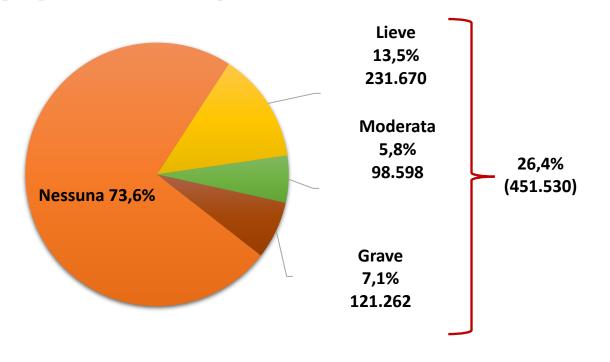
# FOOD ADDICTION



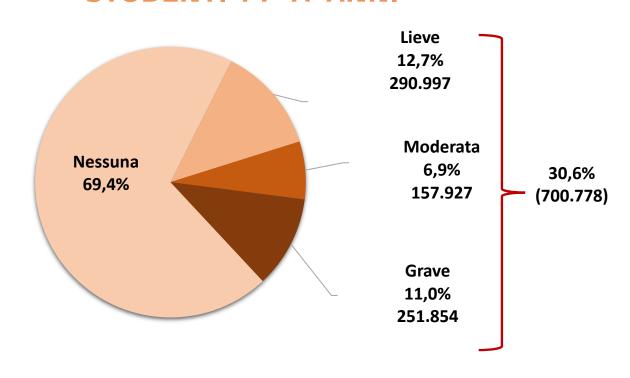


# FOOD ADDICTION\* - PREVALENZA % DI STUDENTI

#### **STUDENTI 11-13 ANNI**



#### **STUDENTI 14-17 ANNI**

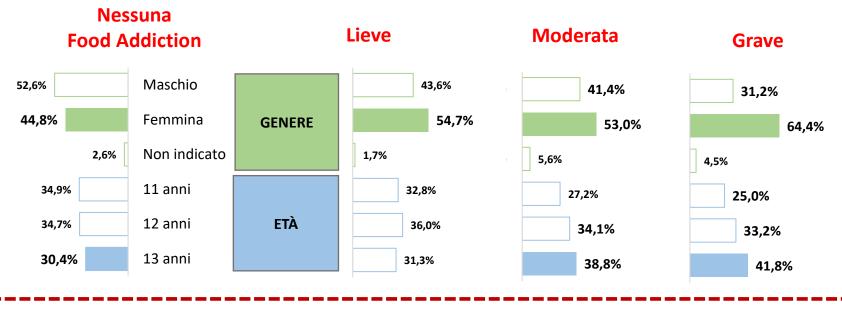


\* Scala YFAS 20 - YALE FOOD ADDICTION SCALE (Aloi et al., 2017) – versione ridotta Anselmi P. & Colledani D.

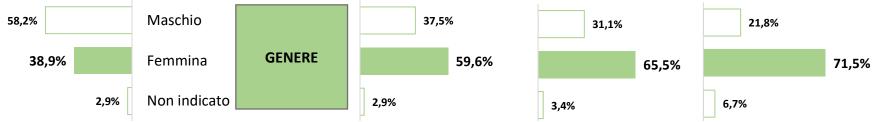


# Food addiction

11-13 anni



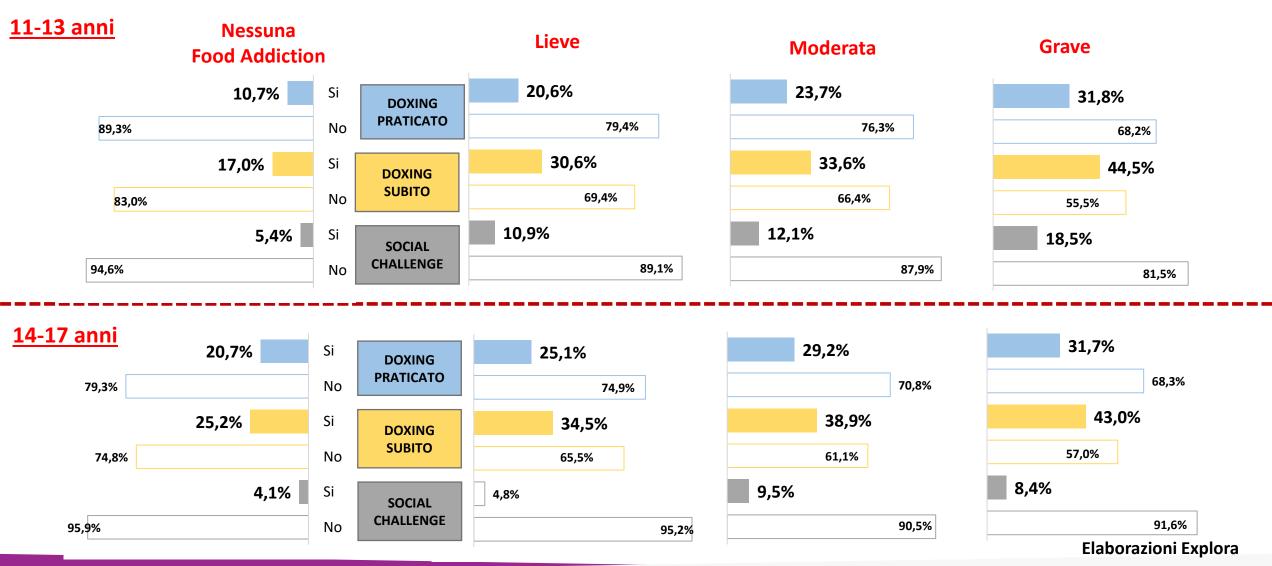
14-17 anni







# Food addiction — Utilizzo problematico di Internet

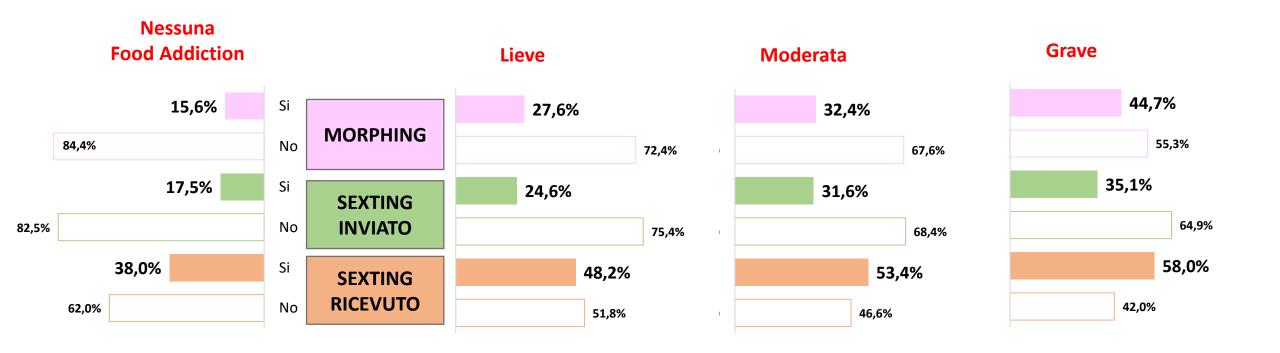




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# Food addiction — utilizzo problematico di internet

#### 14-17 anni

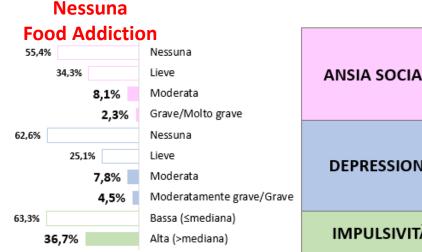


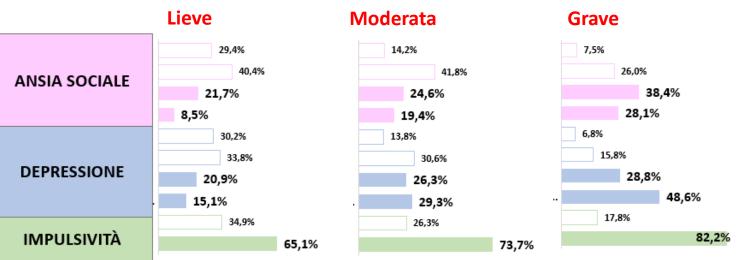


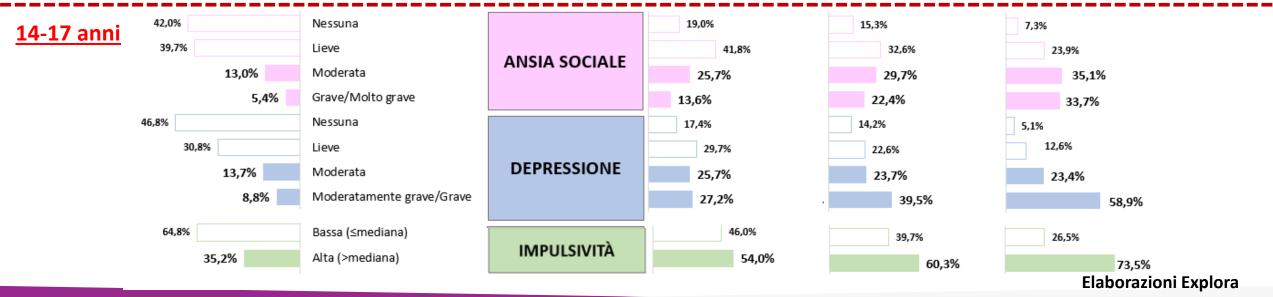


# Food addiction

11-13 anni



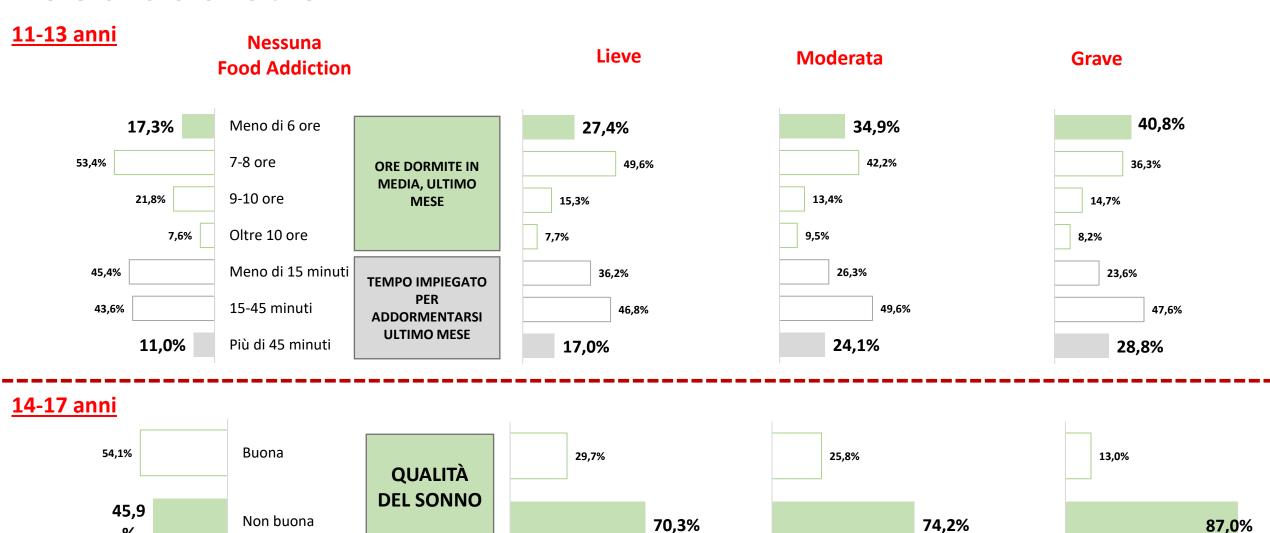






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# Food addiction



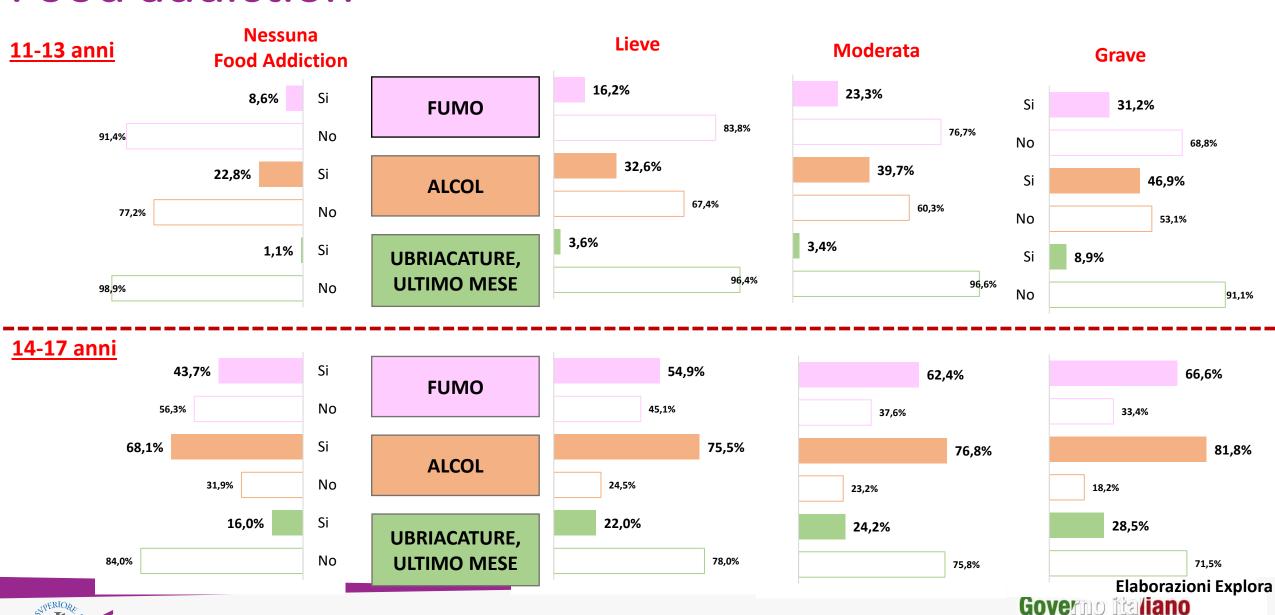


%

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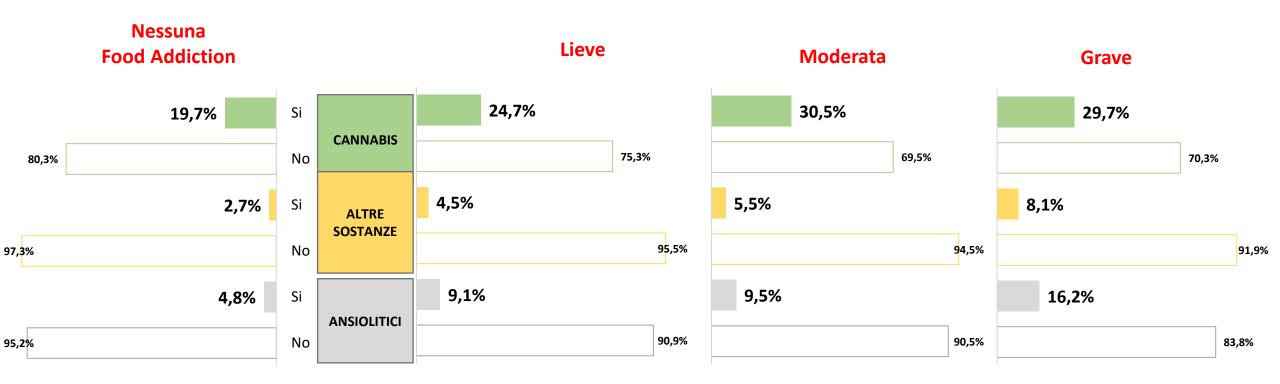
# Food addiction

CENTRO NAZIONALE



Dipartimento politiche antidroga Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

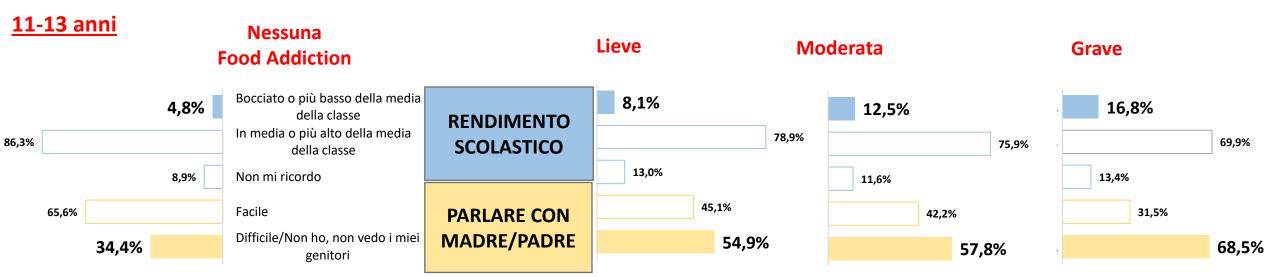
# Food addiction 14-17 anni



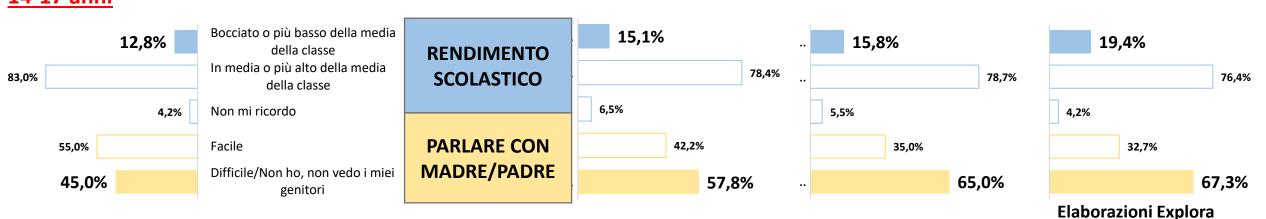




# Food addiction



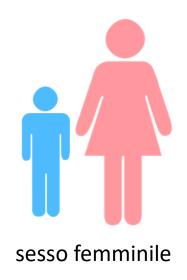
### 14-17 anni





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Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

# Food addiction: fattori associati



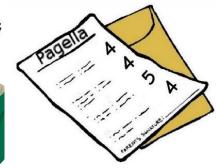










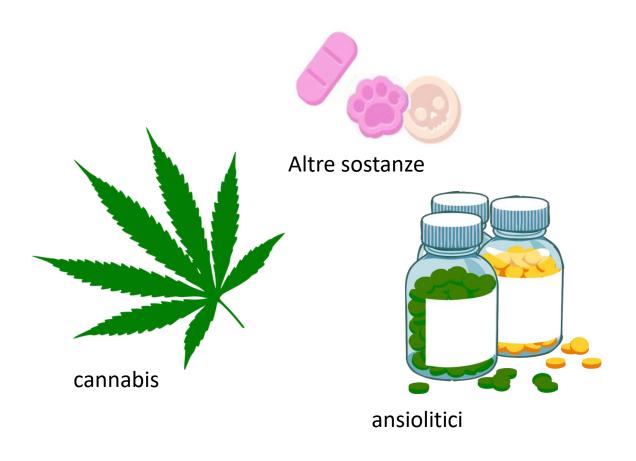


Difficoltà a parlare con i genitori

Basso rendimento scolastico



# Food addiction 14-17 anni-fattori associati











Sexting inviato/ricevuto



### FOOD ADDICTION GRAVE\* - ODDS RATIO 11-13 e 14-17 ANNI

\* Scala YFAS 20 - YALE FOOD ADDICTION SCALE (Aloi et al., 2017) – versione ridotta Anselmi P. & Colledani D.

Considerando tutti i fattori significativamente associati alla **food addiction grave**, quelli che hanno un peso maggiore sono i seguenti:

11-13 ANNI

14-17 **ANNI** 

DEPRESSIONE MODER. GRAVE/GRAVE – OR 11,62

DEPRESSIONE MODERA. GRAVE/GRAVE – OR 7,91

DEPRESSIONE MODERATA - OR 6,55

DEPRESSIONE MODERATA – OR 4,22

ANSIA SOCIALE GRAVE/MOLTO GRAVE - OR 4,43

ANSIA SOCIALE GRAVE/MOLTO GRAVE - OR 2,44

ANSIA SOCIALE MODERATA - OR 4,17







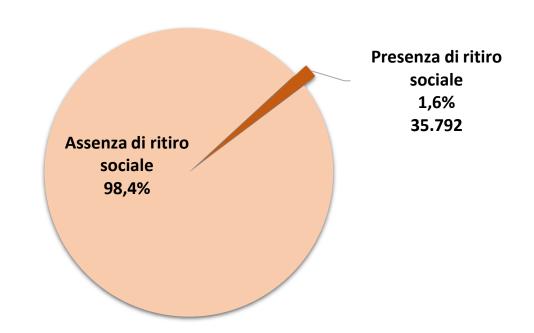


# RITIRO SOCIALE\* - PREVALENZA % DI STUDENTI

### **STUDENTI 11-13 ANNI**

# Assenza di ritiro sociale 1,8% 30.175 Assenza di ritiro sociale 98,2%

### **STUDENTI 14-17 ANNI**

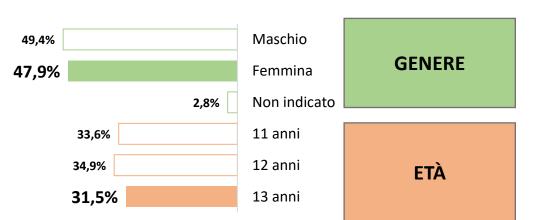


\* Studenti che hanno indicato di essersi isolati tutti i giorni negli ultimi sei mesi.

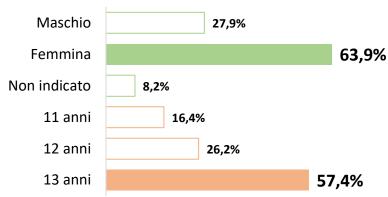


11-13 anni

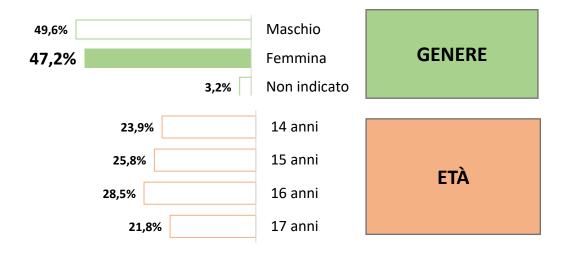
### Assenza di ritiro sociale

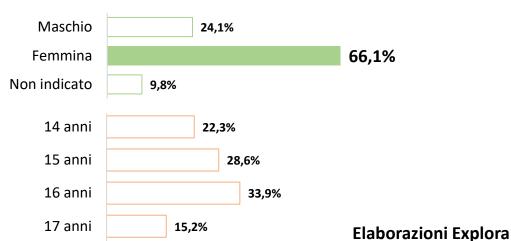


### Presenza di ritiro sociale

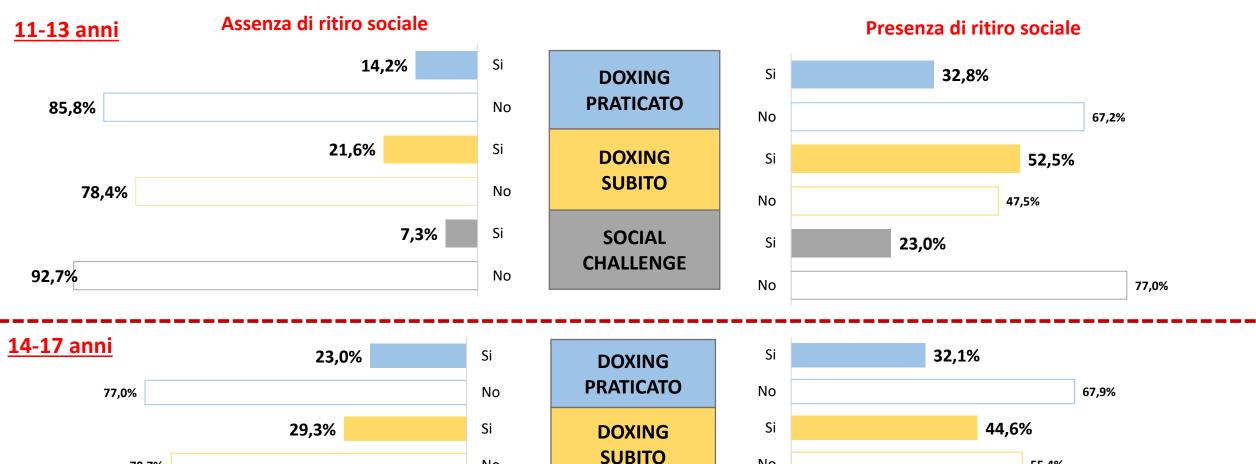


### 14-17 anni









**SOCIAL** 

**CHALLENGE** 

No

Si

No

9,8%

No

Si

No

5,0%



90,2%

55,4%



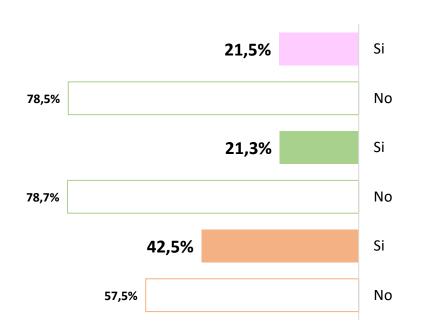
70,7%

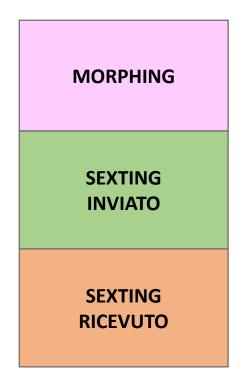
95,0%

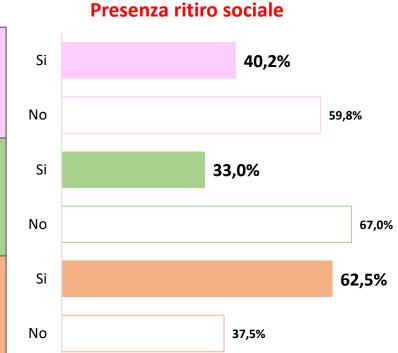


# RITIRO SOCIALE 14-17 aa

### Assenza ritiro sociale



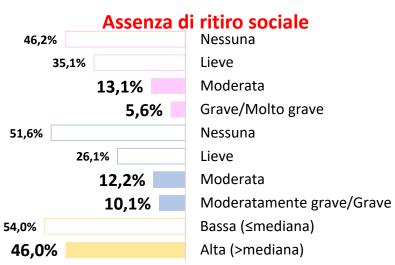








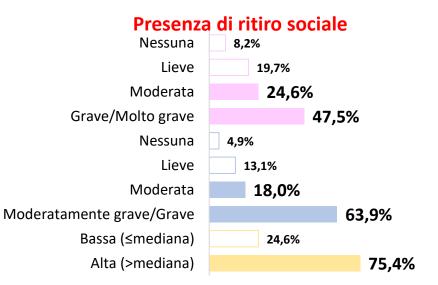
**11-13 anni** 



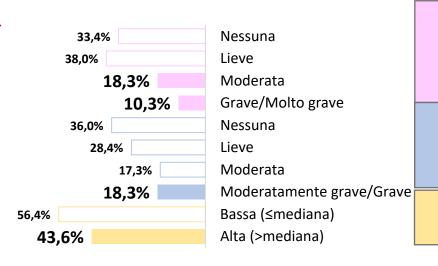
**ANSIA SOCIALE** 

**DEPRESSIONE** 

**IMPULSIVITÀ** 



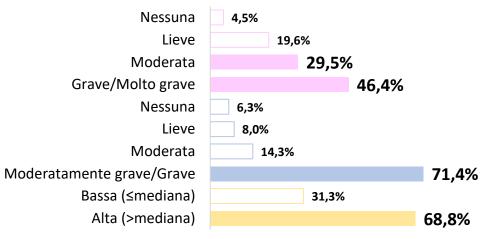
14-17 anni



**ANSIA SOCIALE** 

**DEPRESSIONE** 

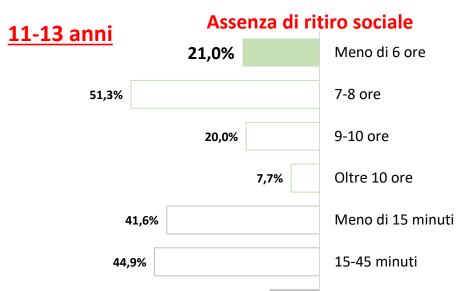
**IMPULSIVITÀ** 



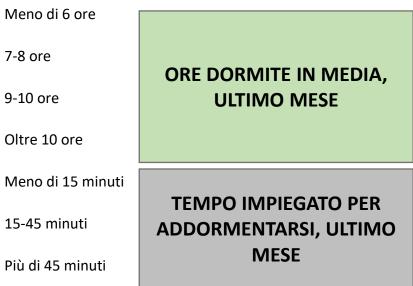
**Elaborazioni Explora** 



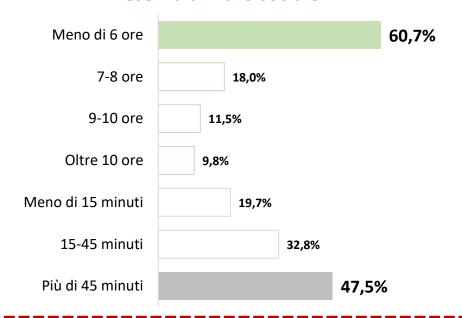
Governo italiano
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Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri



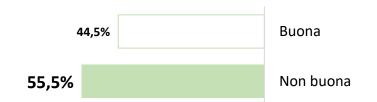
13,4%



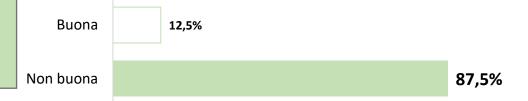
### Presenza di ritiro sociale



### 14-17 anni



QUALITÀ DEL SONNO



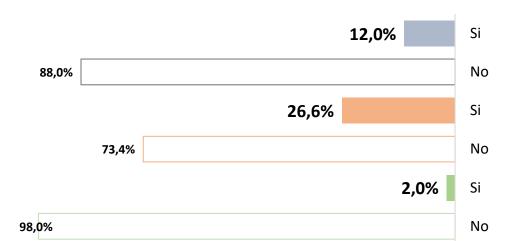
### **Elaborazioni Explora**



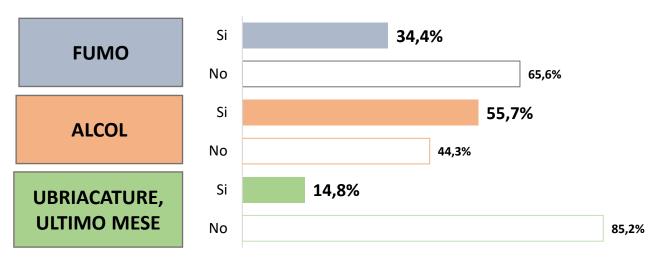
Governo italiano
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Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

**11-13 anni** 

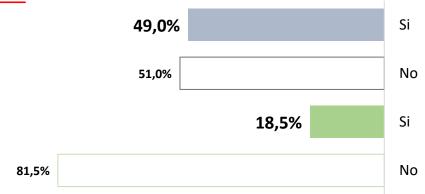
Assenza di ritiro sociale



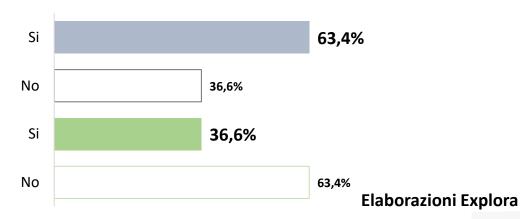
### Presenza di ritiro sociale



### 14-17 anni

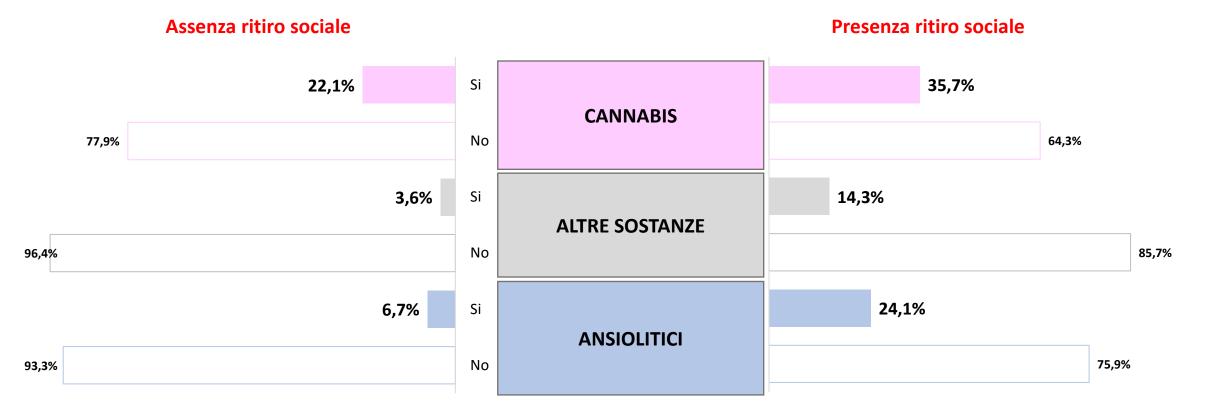


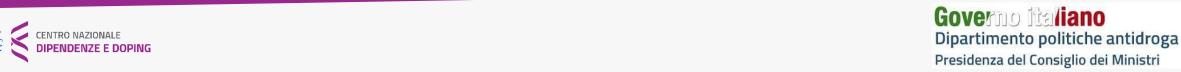






# RITIRO SOCIALE 14-17 aa

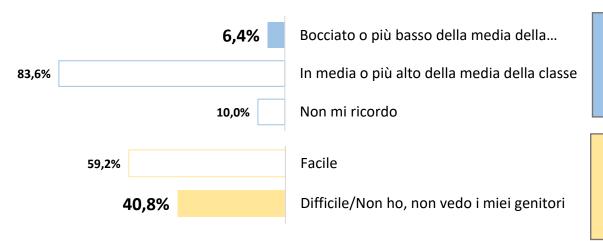






11-13 anni

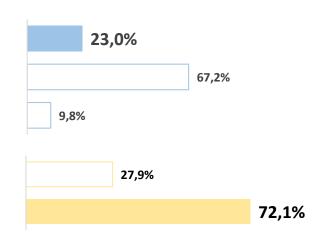
Assenza di ritiro sociale

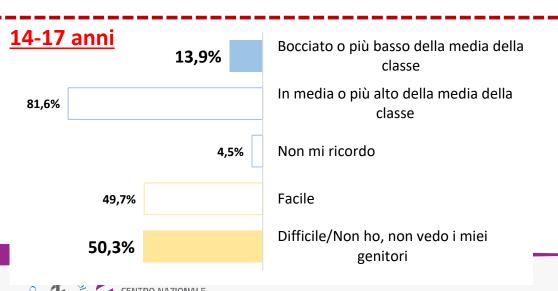


RENDIMENTO SCOLASTICO

PARLARE CON MADRE/PADRE

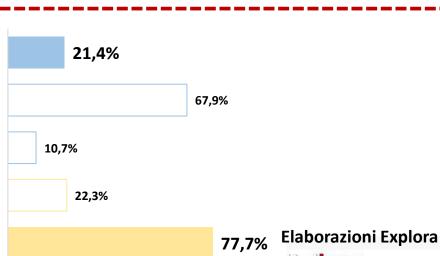






RENDIMENTO SCOLASTICO

PARLARE CON MADRE/PADRE





# Ritiro sociale: fattori associati

Fumo, alcol,

ubriacatura ultimo mese









depressione



Addormentamento difficile



Dormire meno di 6 ore/notte



Difficoltà a parlare con i genitori



Basso rendimento scolastico



Doxing praticato/subito

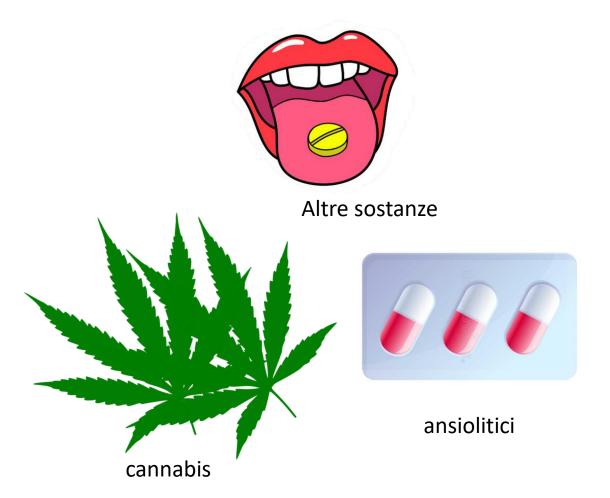
impulsività

Social challenge





# Ritiro sociale 14-17 anni– fattori associati







Sexting inviato/ricevuto



# RITIRO SOCIALE \* - ODDS RATIO PRESENZA RITIRO SOCIALE 11-13 E 14-17ANNI

\* Studenti che hanno indicato di essersi isolati tutti i giorni negli ultimi sei mesi.

Considerando tutti i fattori significativamente associati alla **presenza di ritiro sociale**, quelli che hanno un peso maggiore sono i seguenti:

11-13 ANNI

14-17 **ANNI** 

DEPRESSIONE MODER. GRAVE/GRAVE - OR 14,79

DEPRESSIONE MODERATA - OR 6,81

ANSIA SOCIALE GRAVE/MOLTO GRAVE - OR 3,96

ANSIA SOCIALE GRAVE/MOLTO GRAVE - OR 6,81

DEPRESSIONE MODER. GRAVE/GRAVE - OR 6,12

ANSIA SOCIALE MODERATA - OR 3,88





### PREVALENZA ANSIA E DEPRESSIONE STUDENTI 11-13 E 14-17 ANNI



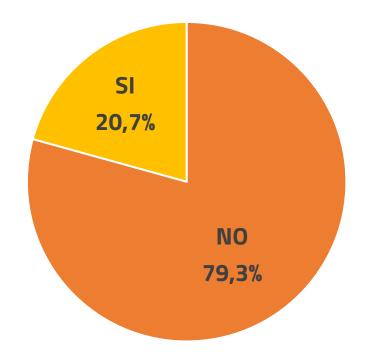


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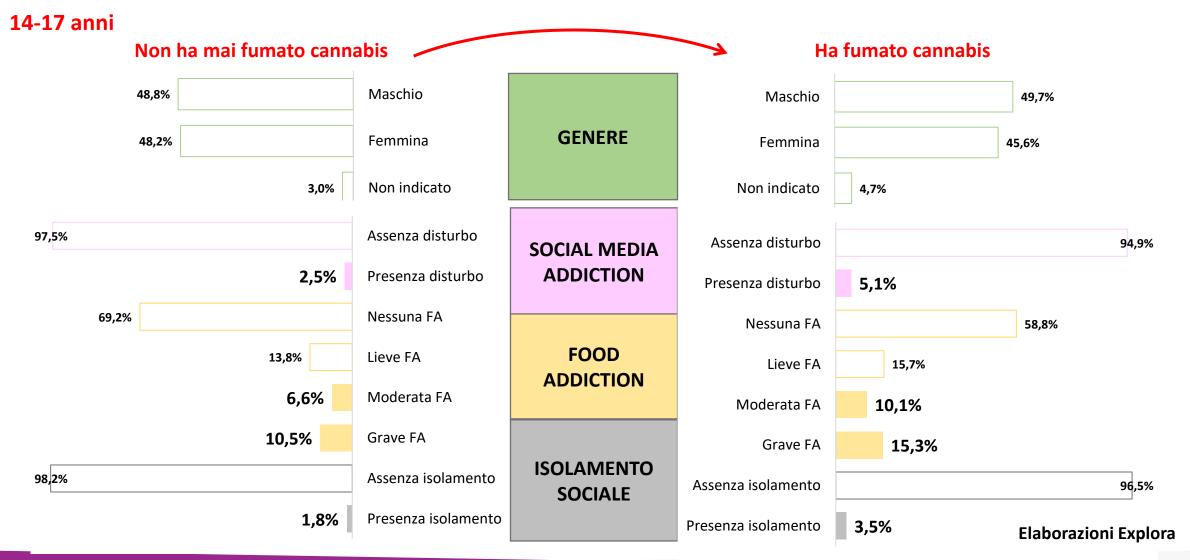
Prevalenza nella popolazione scolastica 14-17 anni



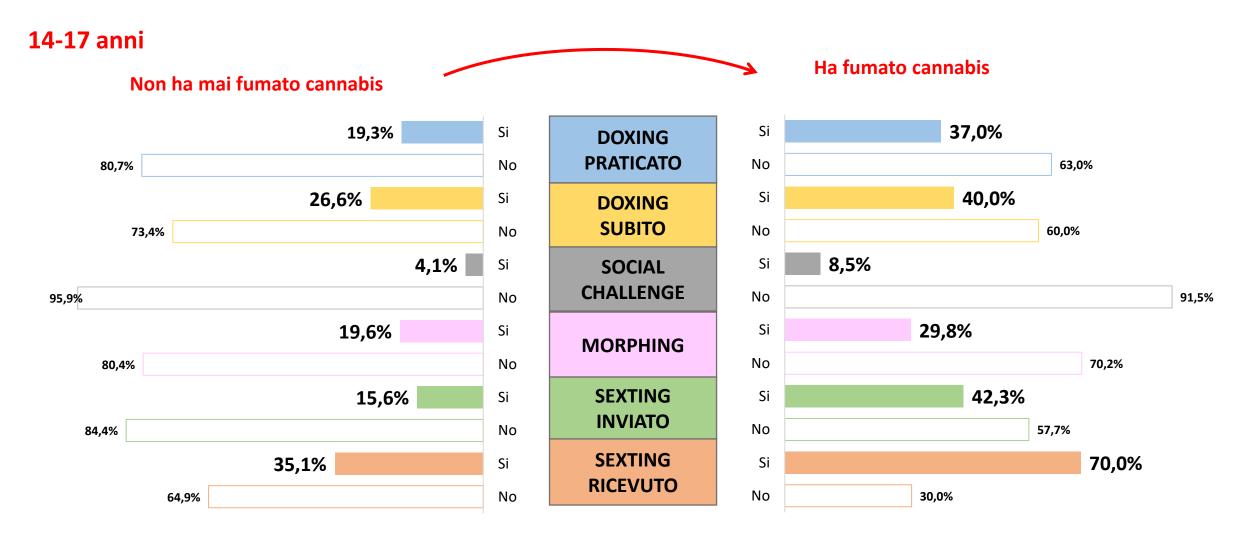








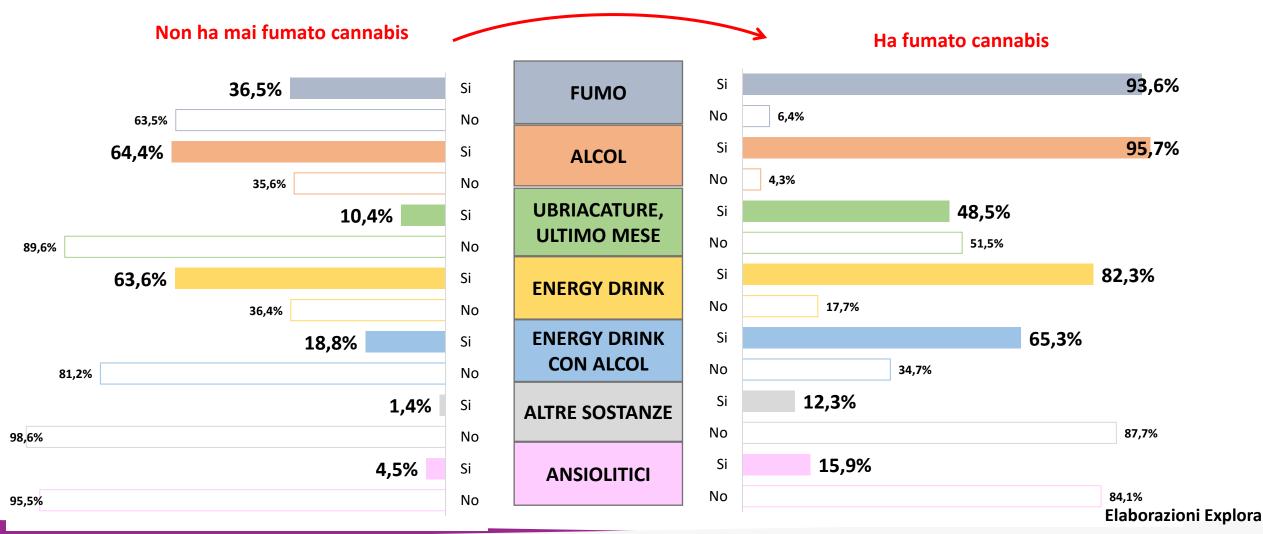






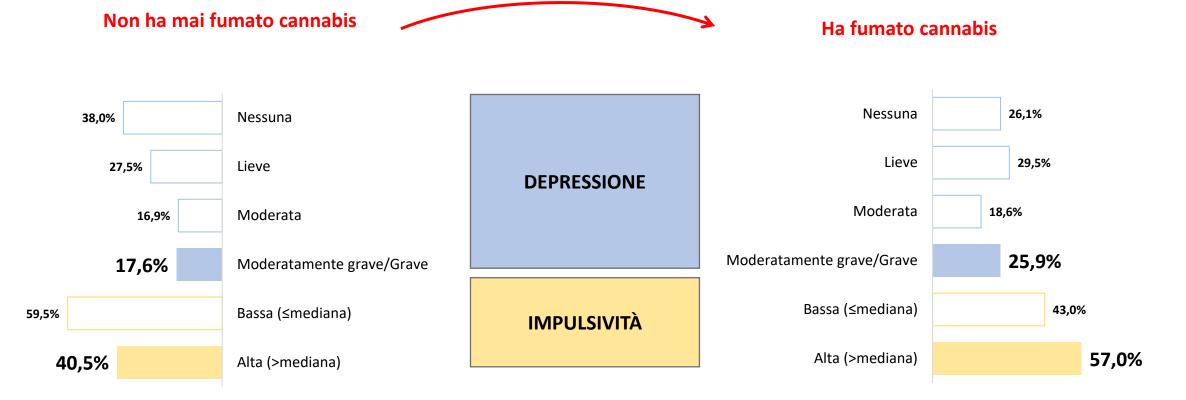


14-17 anni



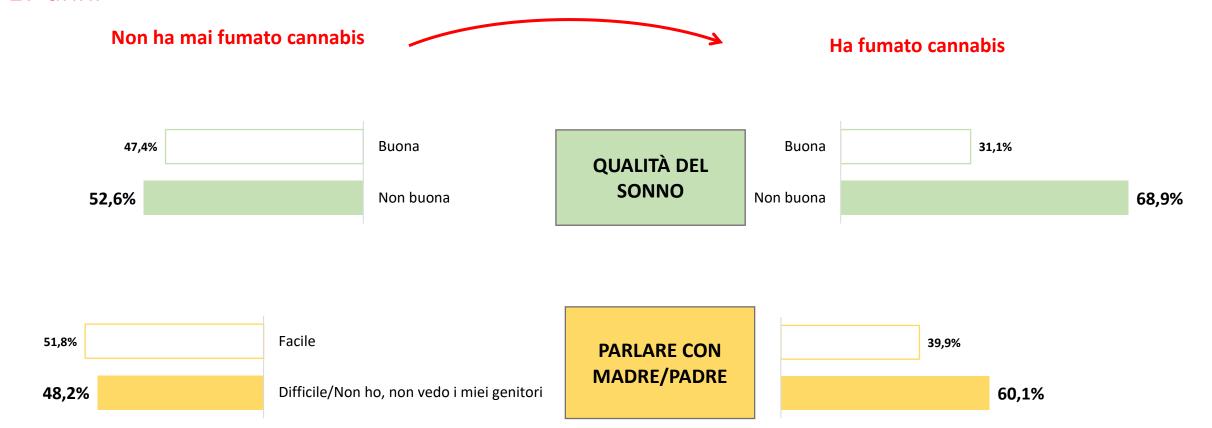


14-17 anni





14-17 anni







# **FOCUS GENITORI**





# Arruolamento dei genitori

Genitori di alunni di 11-13 anni (scuola media)





# Regole in casa sull'utilizzo da parte dei figli di social media e videogiochi (n=1044)



**55%** mette regole in casa sul loro utilizzo

**38%** mette regole «a volte»

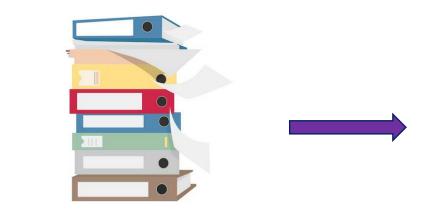


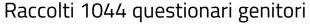
**7%** non mette regole



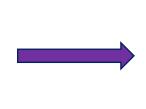


# Genitori - abbinamento dei questionari







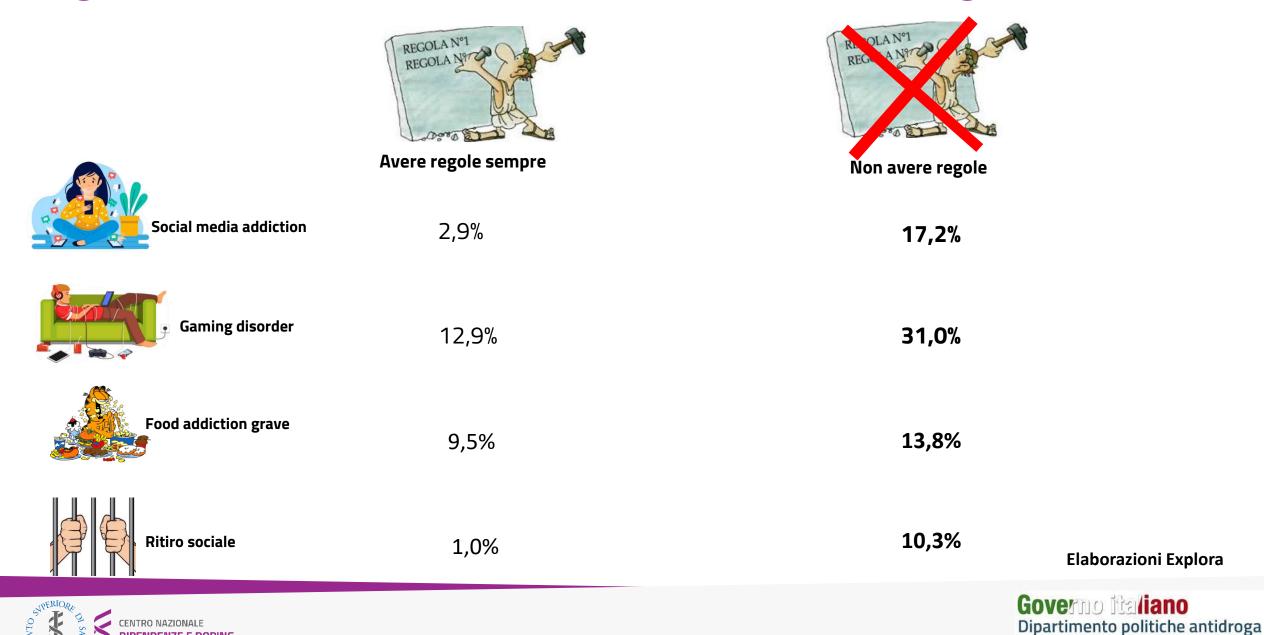




Confrontare i profili emotivi e comportamentali dei ragazzi con quanto riportato dai genitori e approfondire le conoscenze su competenze e stili genitoriali

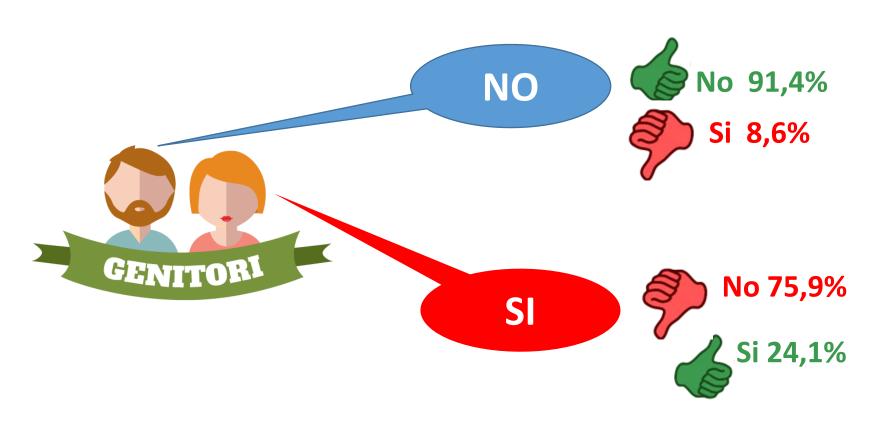


## Regole sull'utilizzo dei social media e rischio disturbi indagati (n= 681)



Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

# Gaming disorder

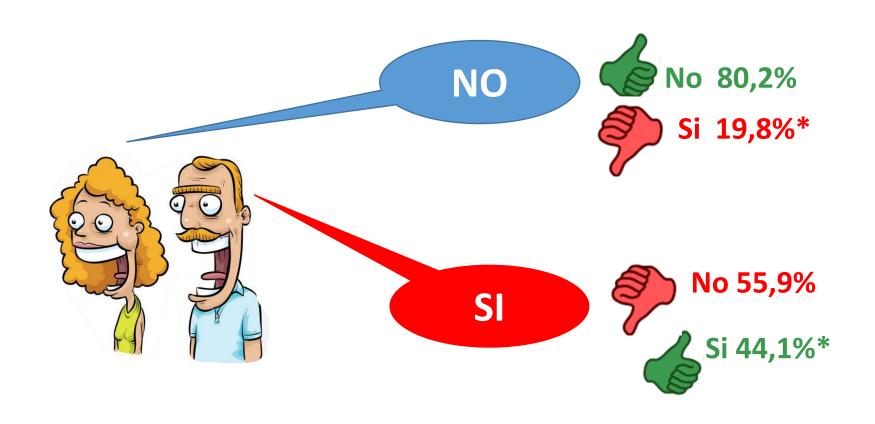








# FOOD ADDICTION





\*9,1% lieve; 5,5% moderata; 5,2% grave

\*18,6% lieve, 8,1% moderata, 17,4% grave



# Comitato Tecnico Scientifico del Progetto



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# **FINE**



